

Effects of Using Woody Biomass for Bioelectricity in the Southeastern U.S.: considerations and applications

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Workshop #6: Forestry, Agriculture & Climate Change:

Modeling to Support Policy Analyses

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Nicholas Institute for Environmental Policy Solutions, Duke University

College of Natural Resources, North Carolina State University

SRTS Policy Context

Sub-Regional Timber Supply Model:

A regional partial-equilibrium model, best used to answer questions involving localized markets and short to medium time frames:

- State-level effects of NC REPS implementation;
- Sub-regional consequences of biomass co-firing;
- Regional implications of pellet plant operation and expansion.

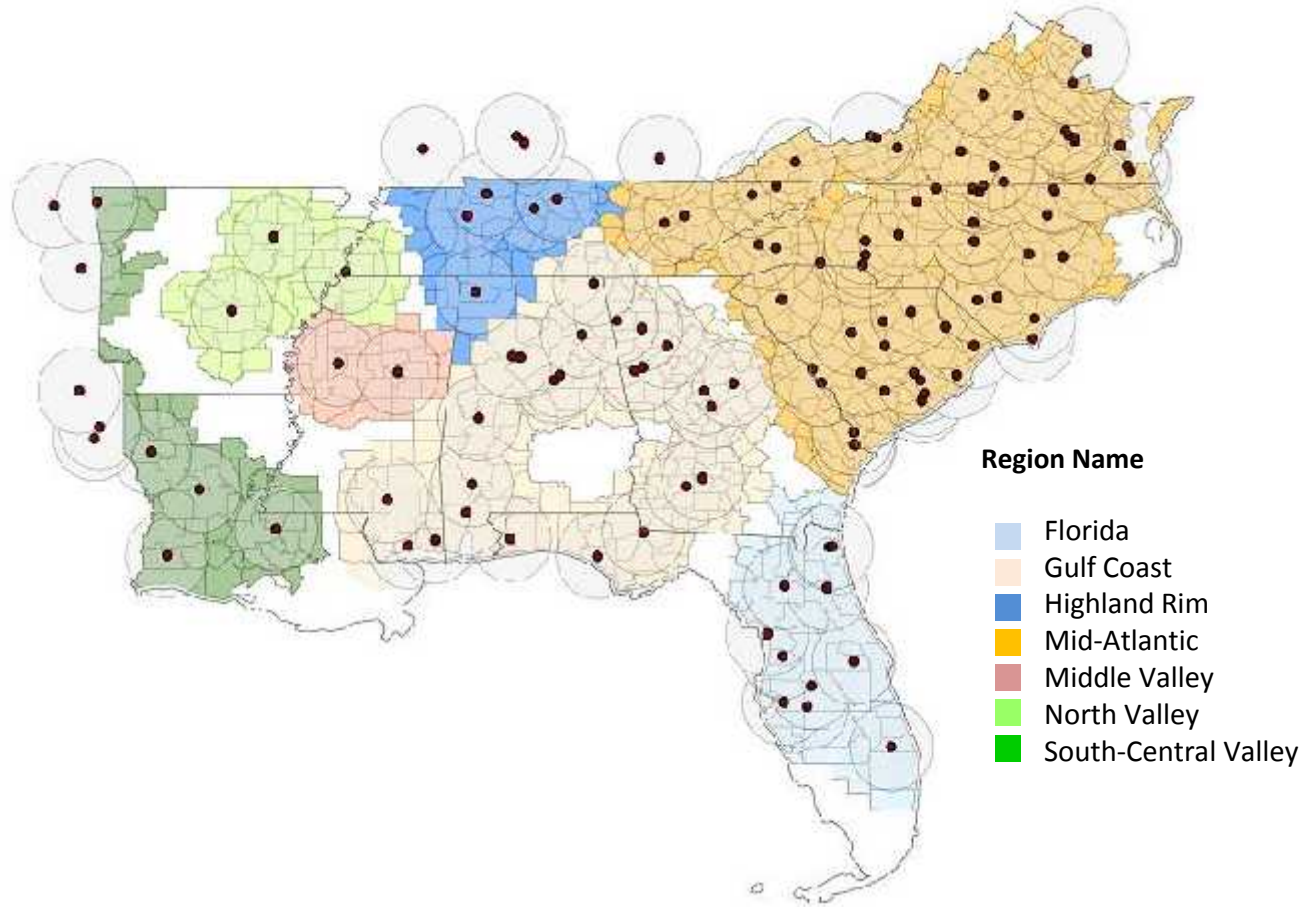
Model Framework

Sub-Regional Timber Supply Model:

- A simulation tool that provides detailed forest resource supply projections in response to user-defined demands
 - For this application, 3 key components
 - Supply
 - Demand Shifts and “Displacement”
 - Land-use Change

See also: Abt et al. 2009

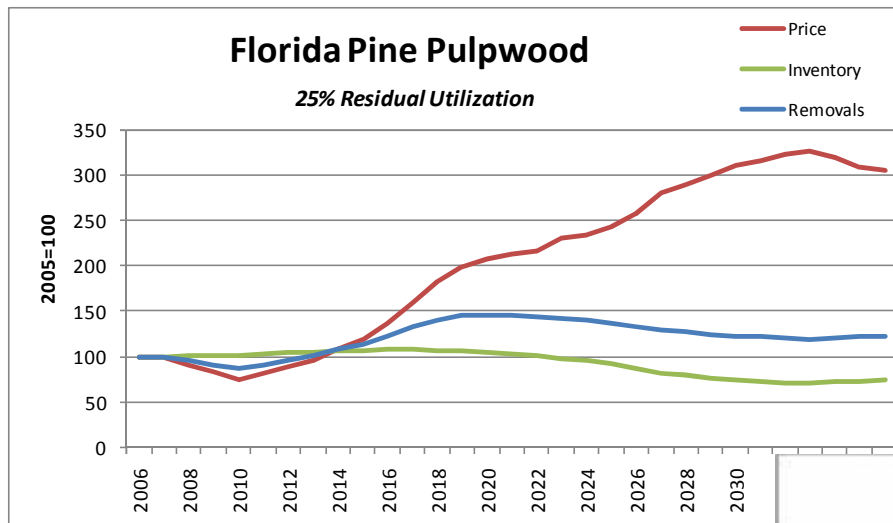
Regions Defined



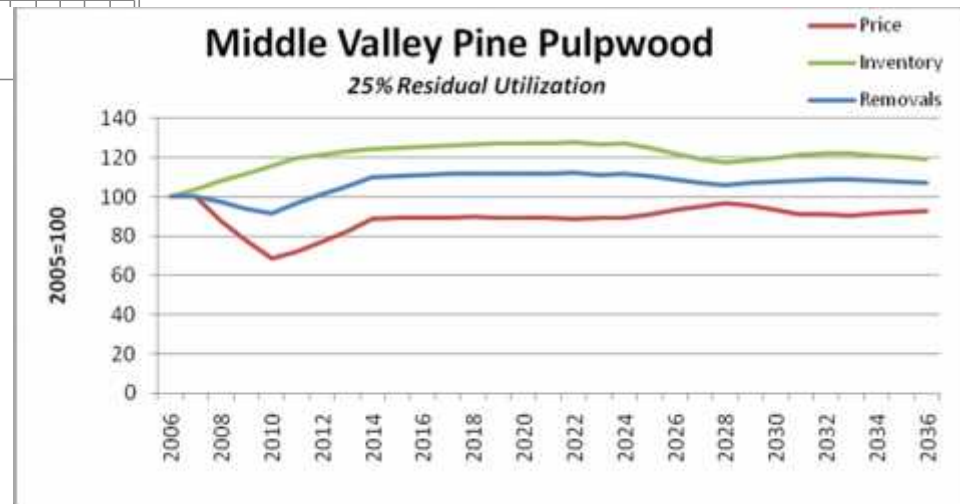
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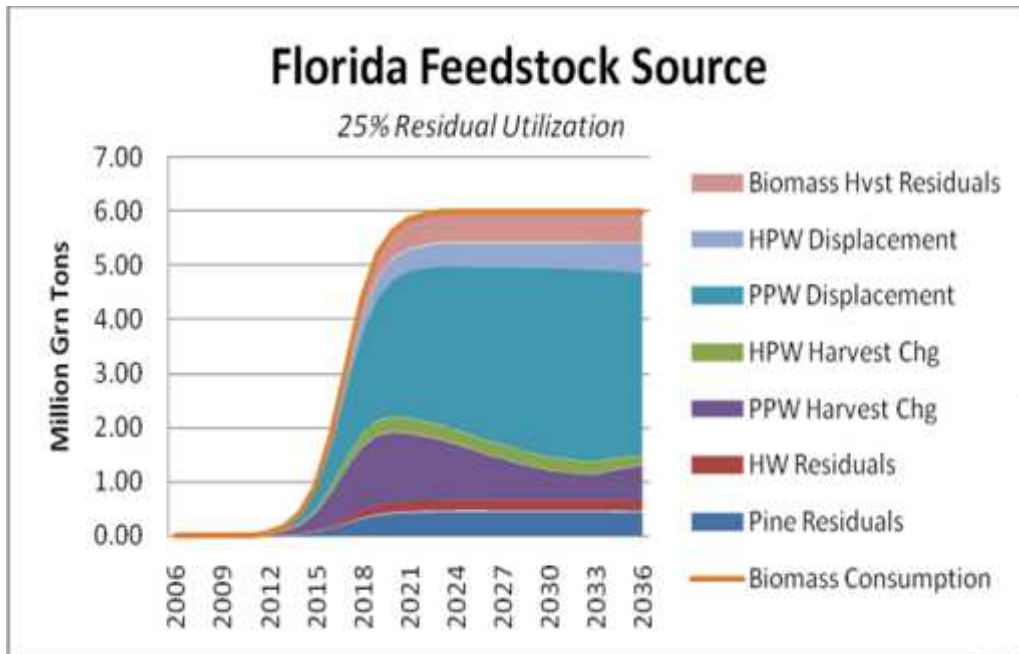
Price Change & Harvest Response



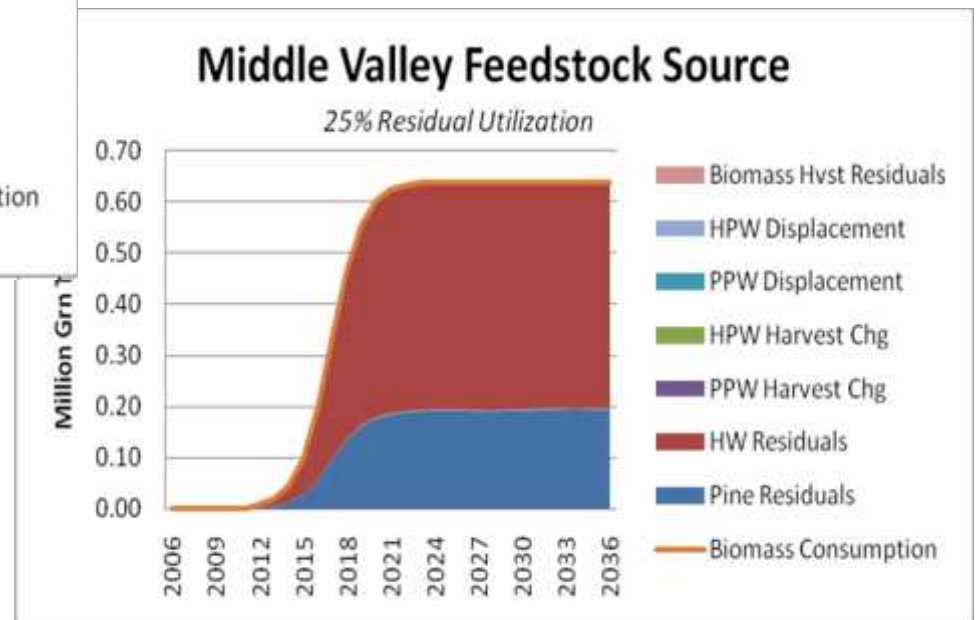
Source: Abt et al. 2010



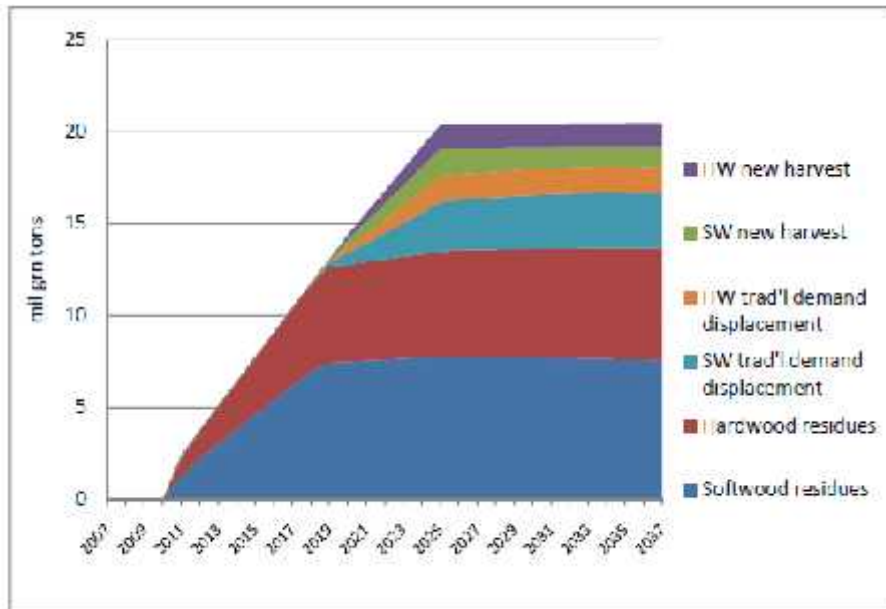
Biomass Source



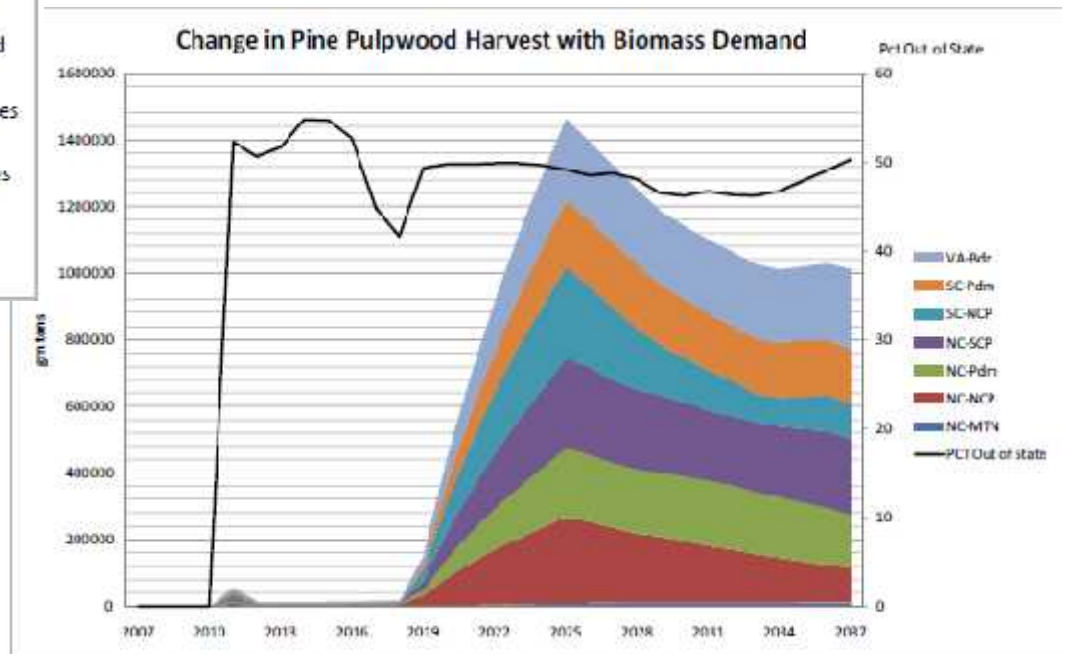
Source: Abt et al. 2010



Biomass Source

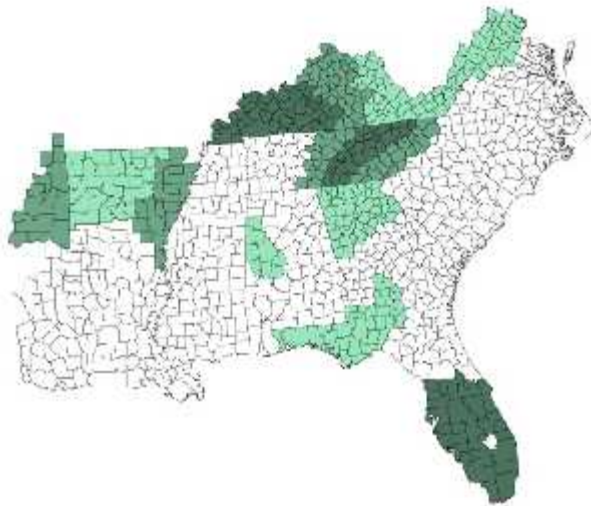


Source: LaCapra Associates, Inc. 2011.



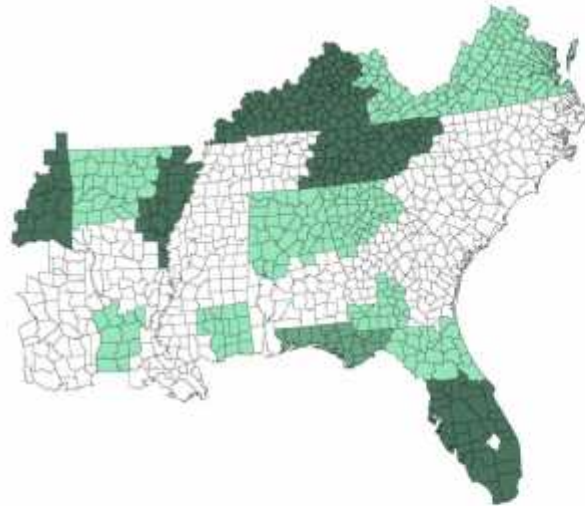
Biomass Source & Price Change

Pine Pulpwood 1 milgrnton/yr Biomass Demand
40% Logging Residual Utilization Decade 1



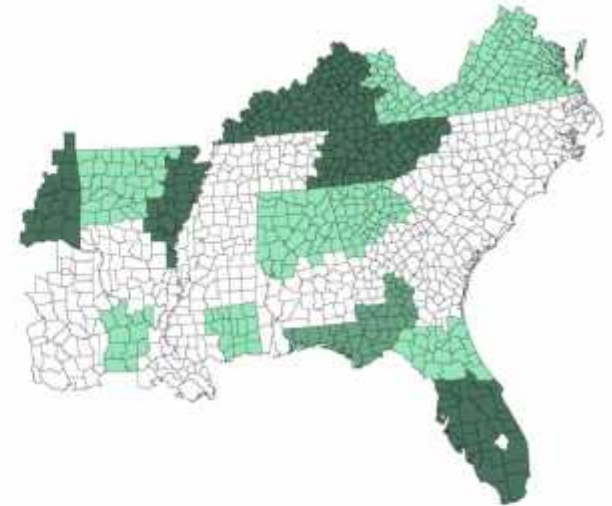
Pulpwood Price Change: □ No Chg. □ +10% Chg. □ +20% Chg. □ +30% Chg. □ +40% Chg.

Pine Pulpwood 1 milgrnton/yr Biomass Demand
40% Logging Residual Utilization Decade 2



Pulpwood Price Change: □ No Chg. □ +10% Chg. □ +20% Chg. □ +30% Chg. □ +40% Chg.

Pine Pulpwood 1 milgrnton/yr Biomass Demand
40% Logging Residual Utilization Decade 3



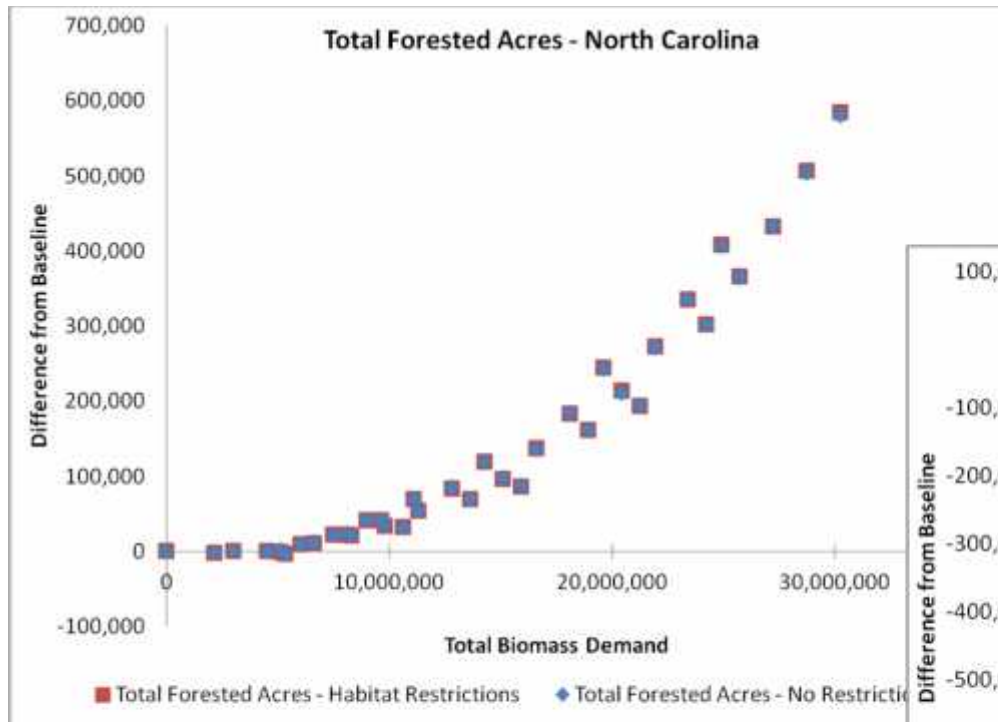
Pulpwood Price Change: □ No Chg. □ +10% Chg. □ +20% Chg. □ +30% Chg. □ +40% Chg.

**1 milgrnton/yr
40% residues
decades 1-3**

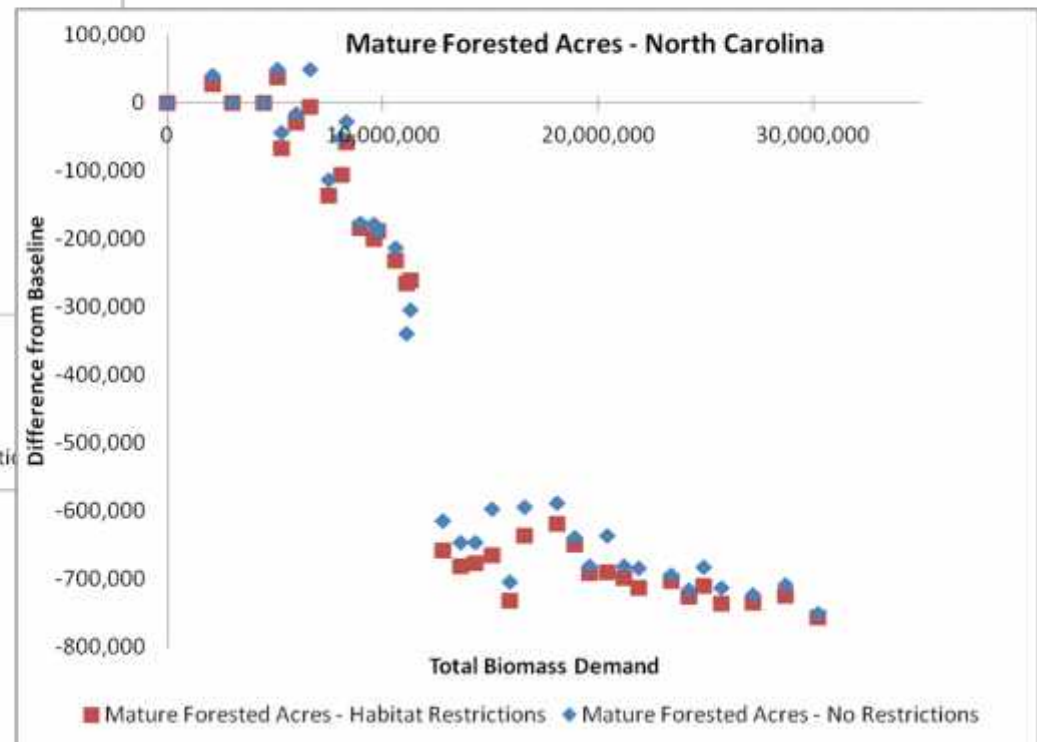
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Forest Composition & Extent



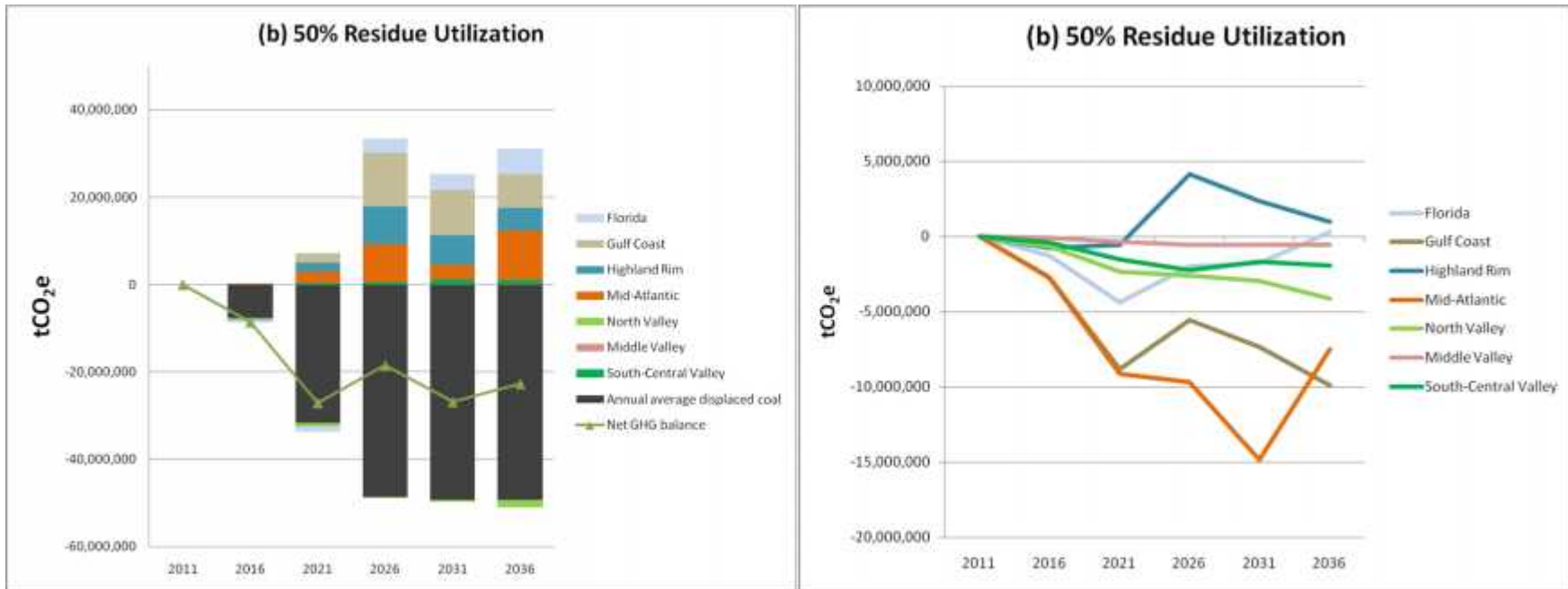
Source: Galik and Abt 2011



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Carbon Dynamics



Net flux and source of GHG emissions from maximizing co-firing in the Southeast 50% residue utilization.

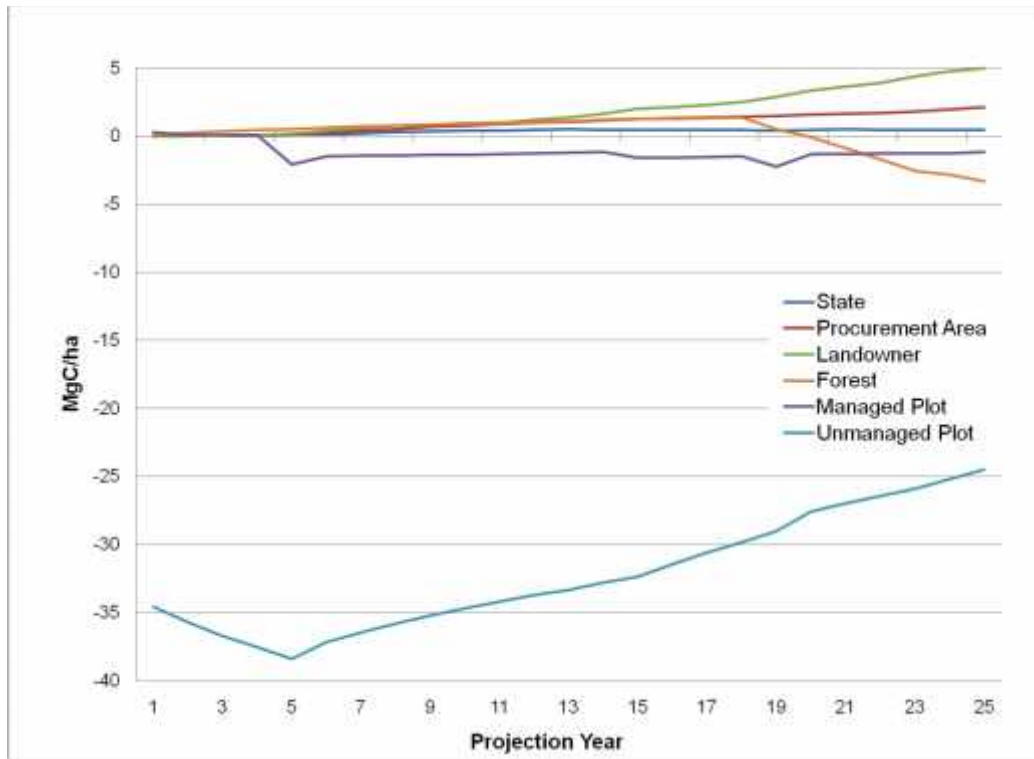
Net GHG emission flux from maximizing co-firing in the Southeast, by supply subregion, assuming 50% residue utilization.

Source: Abt et al. 2010

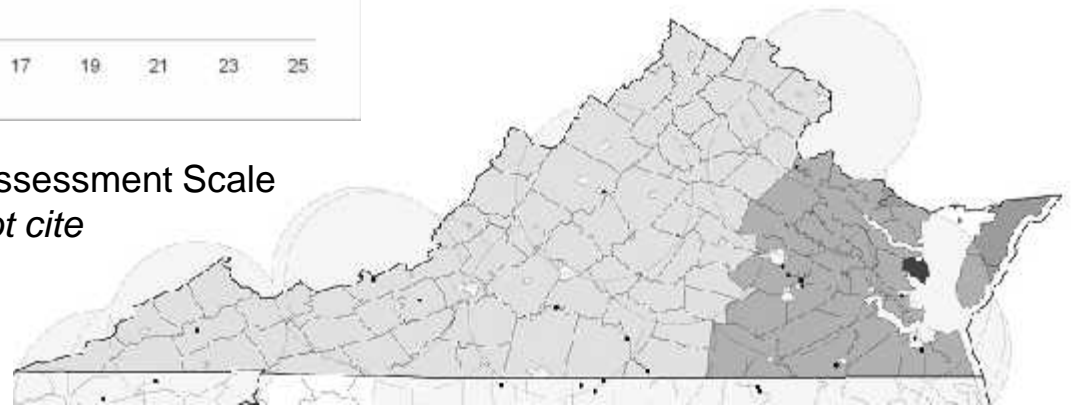
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Carbon Dynamics



Relative Net GHG Implications by Assessment Scale
Preliminary data – do not cite



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General Conclusions

- Short-run adjustments are limited;
- Results therefore hinge strongly on issues of -
 - Timing;
 - Scale and magnitude;
 - Baseline;
 - Starting conditions.
- Not surprisingly, these issues are central to EPA assessment of biomass and biogenic emissions...

Further Information...

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Extra Material – Land-Use Assumptions

- Urbanization -> decreasing rural land driven by county level population forecasts
- Rural allocation to ag vs. forest depend on relative prices
- Increasing wood prices (holding ag constant) leads to additional timberland
- Allocation to forest types
 - Increases favor plantations
 - Decreases affect all types